

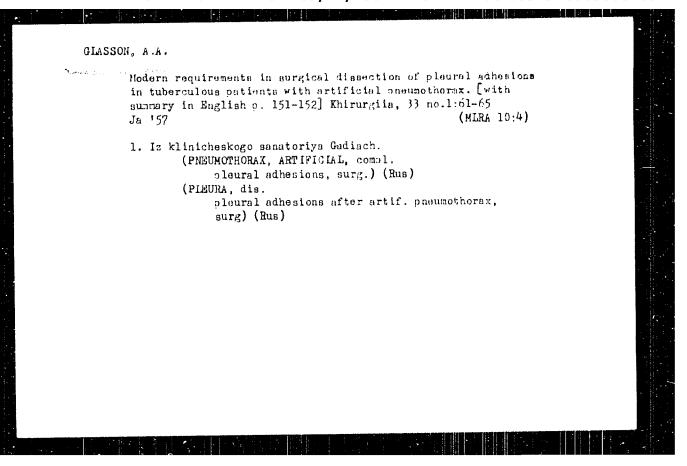
CALASSON, A.A.

Late results of extrapleural pneumothorax and electhorax. Elin. med.
32 no.12:33-37 D '54. (MERA 8:3)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo etdeleniya TSentral'nege Sesnovskogo klinicheskogo sanatoriya.

(PREUMOTHORAX, ARTIFICIAL
extra-pleural, late results)

(COLLAPSE THERAPY
electhorax, late results)



GLASSON, A.A. (Cherkassy (obl.), ul. Sverdlova, d.32)

Pulmonary resection in tuberculosis under sanatorium conditions.

Grud.khir. no.3:58-61 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

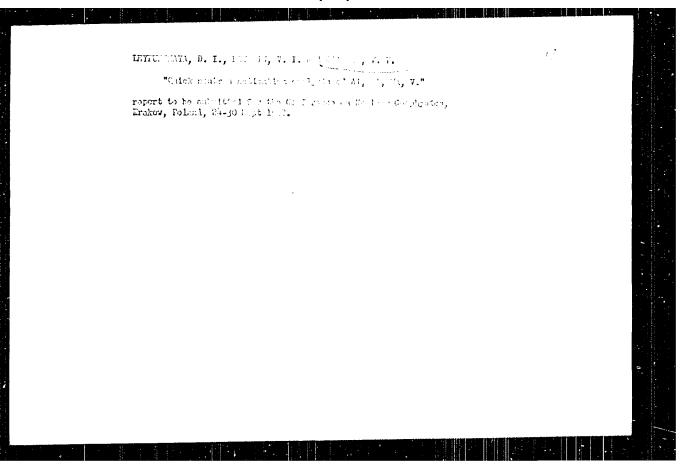
1. Iz torakal'noge otdeleniya (zav. - A.A. Glasson) Scenovskogo sanatoriya "Mayak" (glavnyy vrach Ya.G. Ostrovskiy).

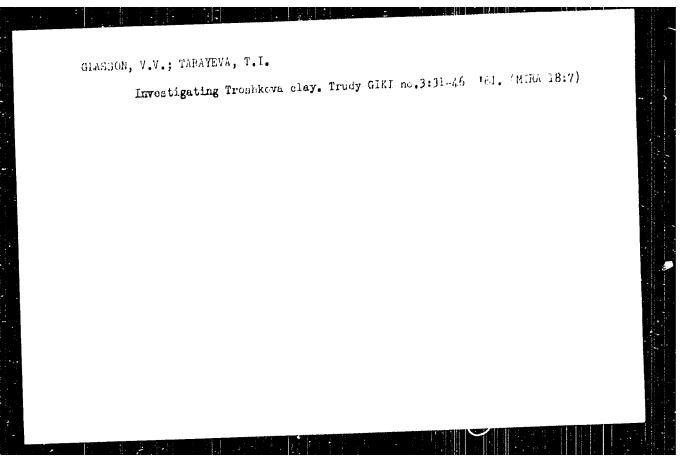
(LUEGS---SURGERY) (TUBERCULOSIS)

CLASSON, K.

This needs an immediate decision. Frof.-tekh. obr. 18
no.2:29 Ag '61. (MINA 14:9)

1. Predsedatel' metalicheskoy saktsii metallistov Kuylyshev-skogo oblastnogo upravleniya profeshnotranovaniya.
(Kuylyshev District--Svening and continuation schools)



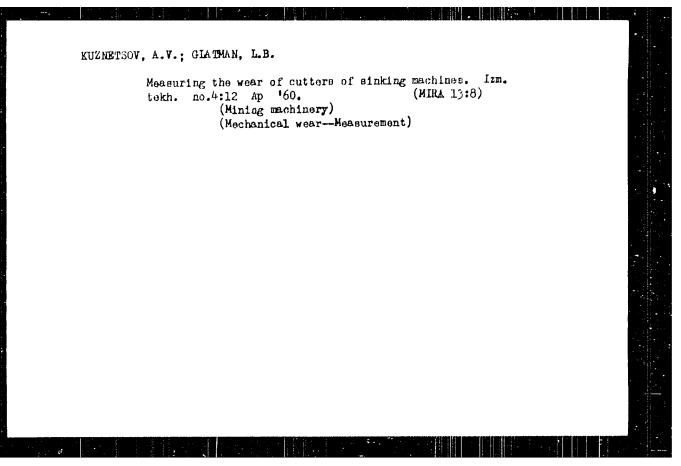


GLASTOVETSKIY, Gennadiy Semenovich; NCVCFASHENNYY, G.N., red.;
FRECER, D.P., red.izd-va; EMICGUHCVA, I.A., tekhr. red.

[Tuned parametric high-frequency amplifiers using transistor diodes and their applications] Rezonansnye parametricheskle usiliteli vysokoi chastoty na poluprovodnikovykh diodekh i ikh primenenie; stenogramma lektsii. Leningrad, 1962. 30 p.

(MIRA 15:12)

(Parametric amplifiers)



BARON, L.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; GLATMAN, L.B., gornyy inzh.; KUZNETSOV,
A.V., gornyy inzh.

Determining the abrasive properties of rocks mined with cutters.
Ugol' Ukr. 5 no.4:22-23 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:A)

1. Institut gornogo dela AN SSSR.

(Abrasion) (Coal mining machinery---Testing)

BARON, L.I., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; GLATMAN, L.B., gornyy inzhener; SHLYAPIN, K.B., kand.tekhn.nauk

Evaluacting the cutting resistance of rocks. Transp. stroi. 10 no. 12:42-45 D '60. (MIRA 13:12)

(Rocks)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2

GLASTINOV, E. A.

USSR / Agriculture - Dissemination of Training literature

Card 1/1

Pub. 77 - 30/21

Authors

: Glasunov, E. A.

Title

Propaganda of advanced experience

Periodical

Nauka i zhizn¹ 21/9, page 47, Sep 1954

Abstract

The lack of access to sources of information is blamed for the backwardness of certain farming units and the situation is being improved by the distribution of booklets bringing to the farmers the benefit of the experience of others and knowledge obtained through scientific research.

Institution : ....

Submitted

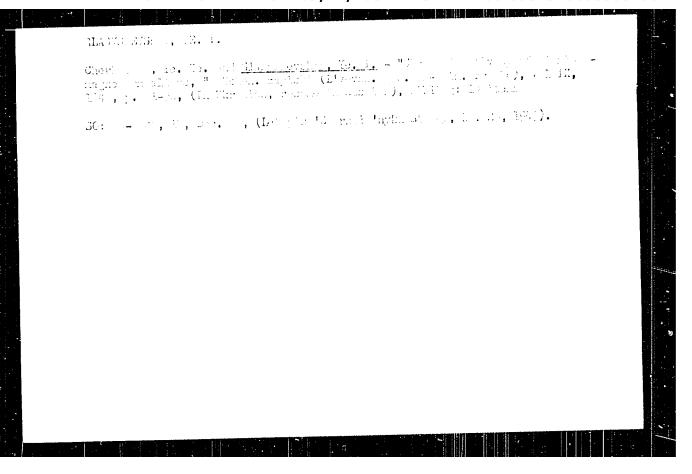
BRUSILOVSKAYA, D.; BURMISTROV, T.; GLASYRINA, L.; KARAULOVSKIY, H.;

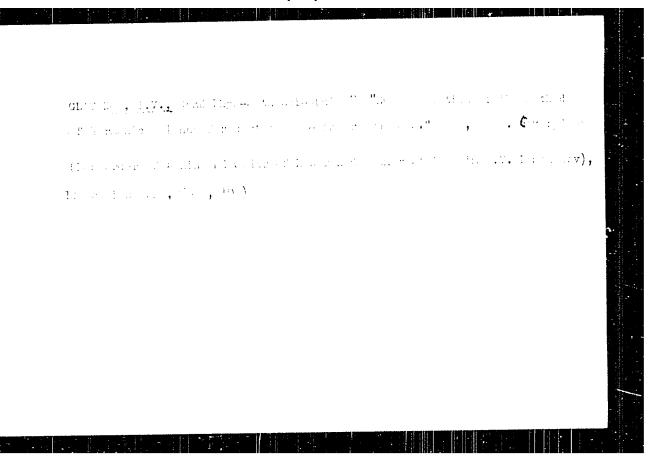
KHODOROV, V.

In memory of V.M. Vasilevskii. Trudy Vses. ob-va fiziol., biokhim.

i farm. 3:166-168 '56 (MLRA 10:4)

(VASILEVSKII, VIKTOR MIKHAILOVICH, 1907-1954)





GLATZ-NOK, IV

AUTHOR: Glatenok, I. V. (Moscow)

103-12-6/12

TITLE:

Evaluation of the Domain for the Determination of the Real Periodic Solution, Determined by the Method of Harmonic Equilibrium (Ob otsenke oblasti nakhozhdeniya istinnogo periodicheskogo resheniya, opredelyayemogo

priblizhenno metodom garmonicheskogo balansa).

PERIODICAL:

Avtomatika i Telemekhanika, 1957, Vol. 18, Nr 12, pp.1132-1135

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the present paper the author succeeds to prove, that for the differential equation  $\ddot{y} = f\left(y, \dot{y}\right)$  a stable periodic solution exists in the case of certain limitations of the function  $f\left(y,\dot{y}\right)$  (which is not connected with its local linear approximation), if the method of harmonic equilibrium in application on this equation determines the periodic solution. It is shown, that the actual solution lies in a certain vicinity of the periodic solution, which is obtained according to the method of the harmonic equilibrium. The author succeeds to determine the dimensions of such a domain. This is done by the theorems mentioned here, without proving

them. The proof of these theorems is to be published

Card 1/2

On the Use of Electronic-Mechanic Transmitters

119-12-6/16

a gas discharging double transmitter and finally the scheme of a probe control in a glow discharge transmitter. The high sensitivity of the mechantrons for the shifting of a movable electrode makes it possible that electronic-mechanic measuring apparatus of great exactness in the measuring of linear measures are produced. (Electron micrometers, automatic apparatus for the sorting of products according to their linear dimensions, electronic-mechanic manometers - fig. 2,a etc. -). In fig. 2 the scheme of such a use of a manometer for the speed control of liquids is represented, as well as the schemes of electronic-mechanic acceleration transmitters, also referred to as "akseletrony". A description follows. The electronic "akseletrony" can also be used for the recording of flight paths of freely moving machinery parts and mechanisms. By means of an electronic-mechanic temperature transmitter (see scheme in fig. 2,e) an exact control of temperature deformations of bodies is possible, as well as the finding of the expansion coefficient. Furthermore it is possible to produce exact apparatus for the measuring of high frequencies and high-frequency electromagnetic fields by using the mechantrons. There are 2 figures.

AVAILABLE: Card 2/2 Library of Congress

507/55-58-1-4/33 Glatenok, I.V. AUTHOR: On the Question of the Foundation of the Hethod of Harmonic TITLE: Balance (K voprosu obosnovaniya metoda garmonicheskogo balansa) PERIODICAL: Vestnik Moskovskogo universiteta, Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh i yestestvennykh nauk, 1958, Nr 1, pp 39-52 (USSR) With the method of harmonic balance let a periodic solution of ABSTRACT: the equation  $\ddot{y} = f(y, \dot{y})$ (1)be determined approximately. When it can be asserted that there exists a rigorous periodic solution of (1) being stable and lying in a certain neighborhood of the approximation ? Theorem: Let the following conditions be satisfied: 1)  $f(y,\hat{y})$  is two times continuously differentiable with respect to y and y; 2)  $f''yy(a \sin u, a \omega \cos u), f''yy(a \sin u, a \omega \cos u), f''yy(a \sin u, a \omega \cos u)$  have a bounded variation on [0,2 $\pi$ ], 3) the absolute value of the remainder series neglected by the harmonic balance is sufficiently small. 4) several Fourier coefficients satisfy certain inequations. Card 1/2

On the Question of the Foundation of the Method of 30V/55-58-1-4/33 Harmonic Balance

Then (1) has a stable periodic solution, the amplitude of which can be estimated from below and from above. The conditions 3) and 4) are so numerous and their computational proof is so extensive that the practical application of the criterion seems to be very doubtfu'. Bestdes the estimation of the frequency error is not given. There are 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Kafedra differentsial nykh uravneniy (Chair of Differential Equations)

SUBMITTED: June 28, 1957

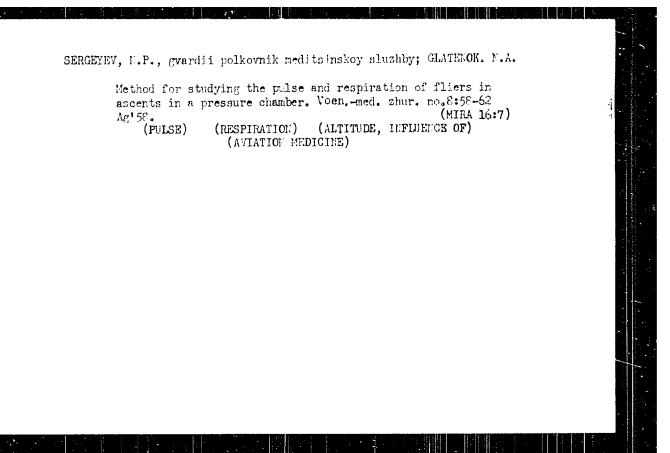
Card 2/2

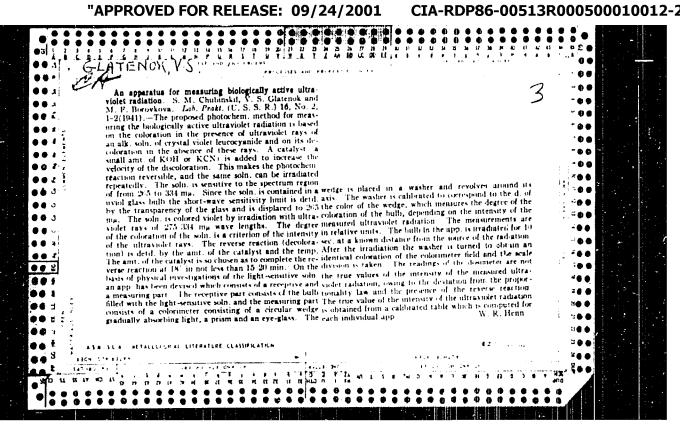
GLATEROE, i. v.

"On the foundation of the method of narmonic belonge."

Woocow Energetic Institute, Moncow

Paper presented at the Intl. Symposium or Familinear Glarether, Rier, Toba, 9-19 Sep 61





GLATENCE, U. 3.

Gor'kiy All-Union inst. for imperimental Medicine (-1002-)

Wiltra-violet Mallation of Dky coording to the Data of Di-Photo-Cell, Tal. &k. Nauk SER, Geograf, i Geofiz., No. 4. 1043.

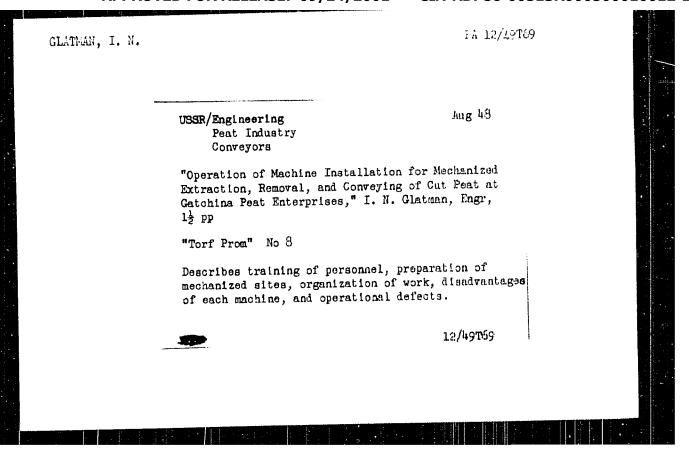
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LIVSHITS, I. (UJSAB); GLATER, S. (UJSABA)

QTN in the Pamirs. Radio no.6:9-10 Je '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Starshiy inzh. svysai Pamirskoy ekspeditsii (for Livshits).
2. Starshiy inzh. por anticelkosu oborudovaniyu Panirskoy ekspeditsii (for Glater).

(Pamirs—Radio operators)

(Pamirs—Amateur radio stations)
```



BERON, A.I.; GUBENKOV, Ye.K.; GLATMAN, L.B.

A three-component dynamometer. Izm.tekh. no.10:33-35 0'60.

(Dynamometer)

SARON, L.B., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk; GLATMAN, L.B., gornvy inzh.;
GEUNAYEVA, Ye.V., red.; GK.ACIMCV, V.F., tekhn. red.

[Methodology of catermining the coefficient of friction of rocks]
Fetodika opredelenita koefitsientov treniia gernykh porod. Ecekva, In-t gornogo dela in. A.A.Gkochinskoga, 1961. 10;.

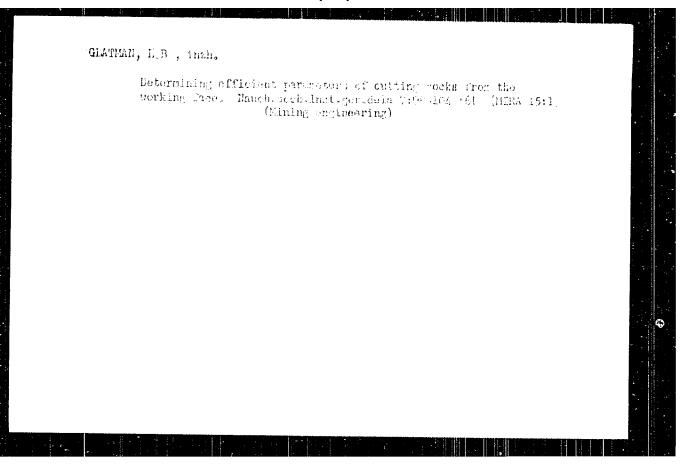
(Rocks--Testing)

(Rocks--Testing)

Main Laws of Sutting Mining Mocks and Sutter Wear Applicable to Operation of Staft-staking Sombines, Moscow, 1961, Cl pp.

(All-Union Sc. Res. Inst. of -ransportation Senstruction "Tanilis")

220 copies (KL Supp 12-61, 265).



KHRIPINA, L.A.; GLATMAN, L.B.

Experimental studies of the operation of various types of cutters. Nauch. soob. IGD 12:146-155 '61. (MIRA 15:9) (Mining machinery)

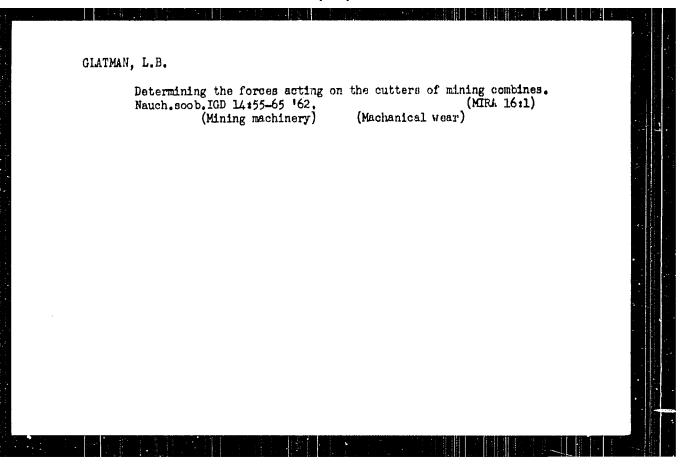
RAKAN, L.I., prdf., doktor tekhn.nauk; GLATMAN, L.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHLYArIN K.B., kand.tekh.nauk

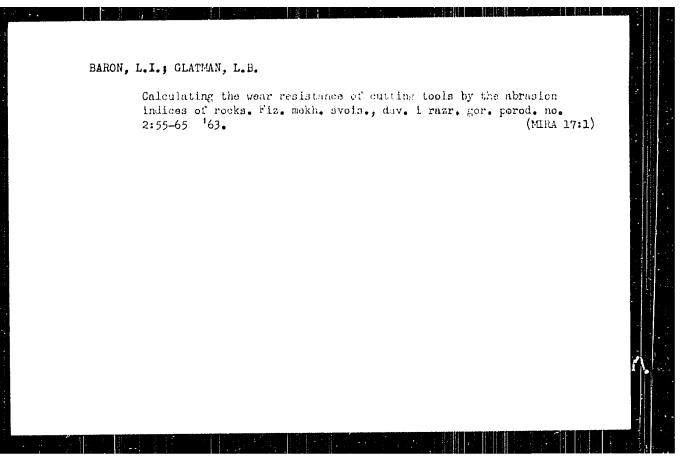
Intensity of dust formation in cutting rocks. Bor'ba s sil. 5: (MIRA 16:5)

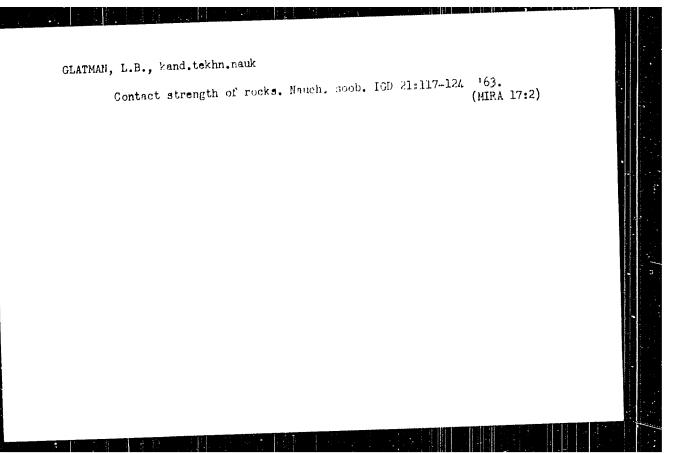
1. Institut gornogo dela imeni A.A.Skochinskogo (for Baron, Glatman).

2. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut transportnogo stroitel'stva Ministerstva transportnogo stroitel'stva (for Shlyapin).

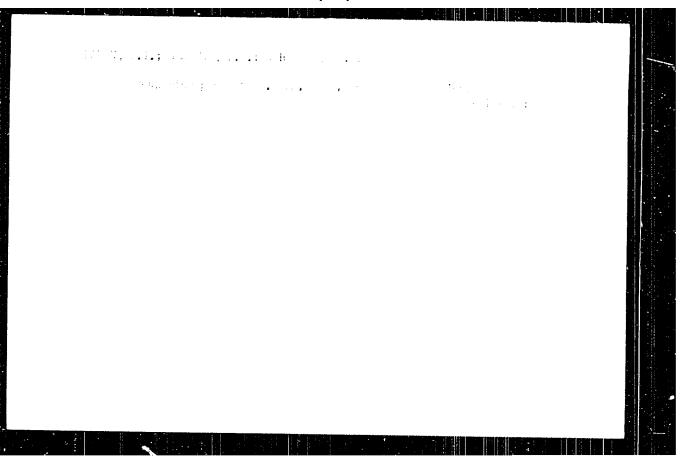
(Mine dusts)

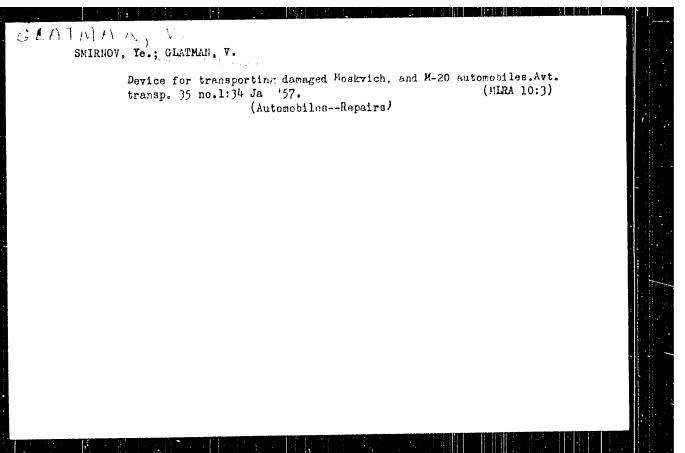






EALON, L. I., perform the state. In this simple product the interest of the cauting regime on the interest of annual for outless of the cauting regime on the interest of annual for outless of the cauting regime on the interest of the cauting regime of the cauting regime of the cauting regime on the interest of the cauting regime of the cautin





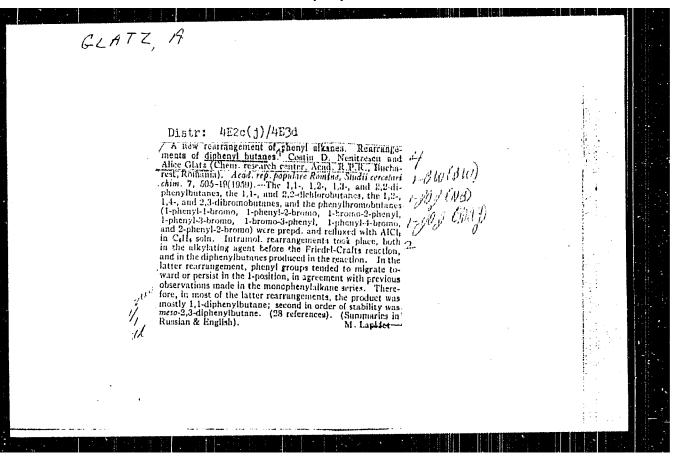
NENITSESKU, K.D. [Nenicescu, K.].; GLATTS, A.M.; CAVET, M.; POGANI, Yu.

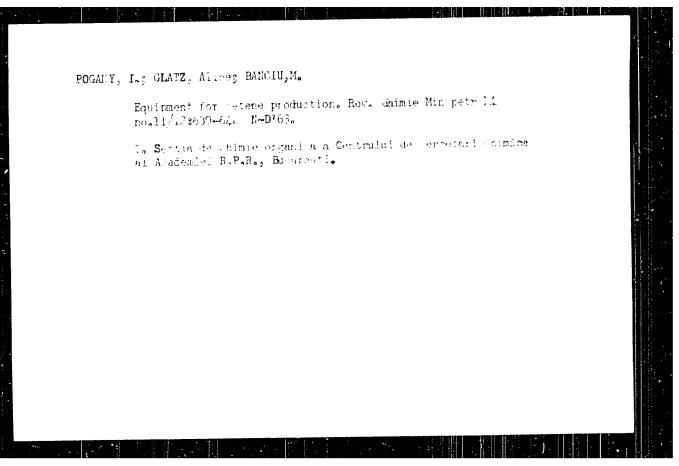
Syntheses of -substituted &-keto esters. Izv.AN SSSR.Otd.
khim.nauk no.2;332-339 F '63. (MIRA 16:4)

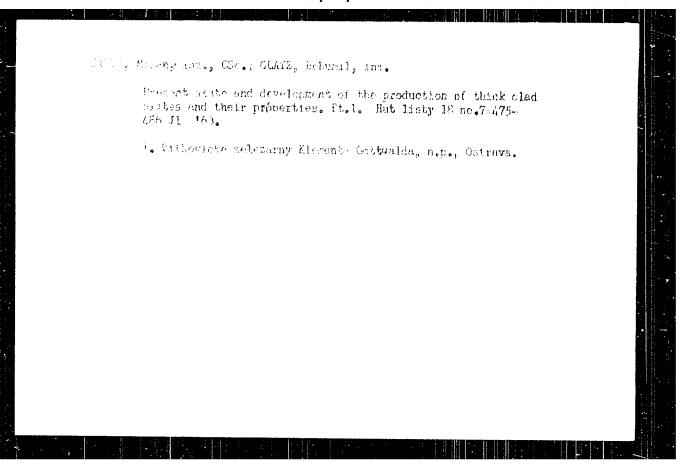
1. Khimicheskiy institut Akademii Rumynskoy Narodnoy Respubliki,
Bukhrest. (Esters) (Carbonyl group)

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2



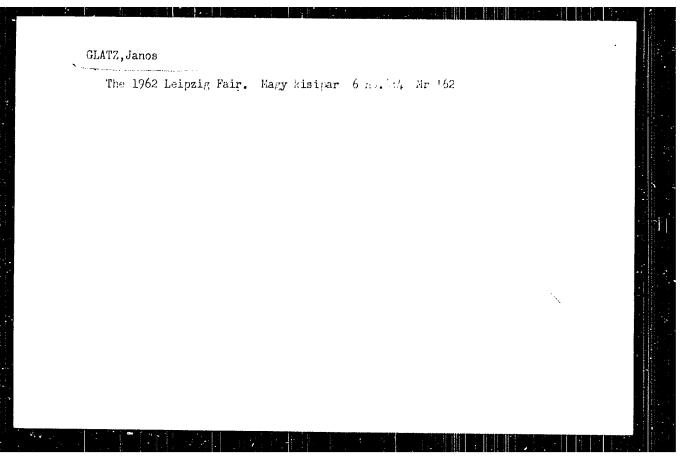




ATRIA, Milan, Toz., Cle., GLATA, moderall, ins.

Present state and development of the production of thick clad
[lates and their properties. Pt. J. Hut listy 18 no.8:562\_
566 Ap. Pt3.

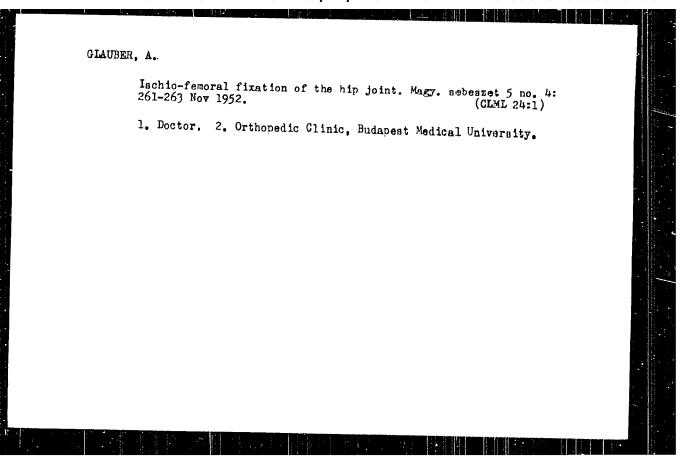
1. Vithewicke belevary Elementa Gottwalla, n.p., Patrawa.

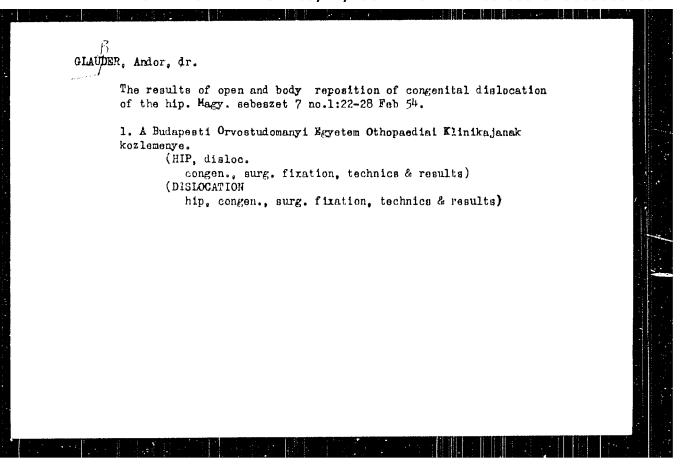


GLAUPER A. Nyomorekok rehabilitacieja Rehabilitation of the cripple Iparegeszsegugy, Budapest 1949, 2/4 (28-34)

Exercises should be commenced in the course of treatment, both during and after recovery. The two methods are Swedish gymnastics and occurational therapy. One should aim at preserving the muscular function and the motility of the joints, strengthening the weakened muscular system, reactiveting stiff parts and restoring neuromuscular coordination. The actual occupational therapy, consisting in basket making, weaving, the making of nets, light carpentry, gardening, domestic work, etc. should be preceded by light tasks which should or principally serve to divert the patient. The purpose of rehabilitation is to shorten the time between clinical recovery and re-employment.

So: Medical Microtiology and Hygiene, Section IV, Vol3, No 1-6





GLAUBER, Andor, dr.; BEREND, Endre, dr.

Problems of acrylate and vitallium arthroplasty in the hip joint.
Orv. hetil. 97 no.26:707-712 24 June 56.

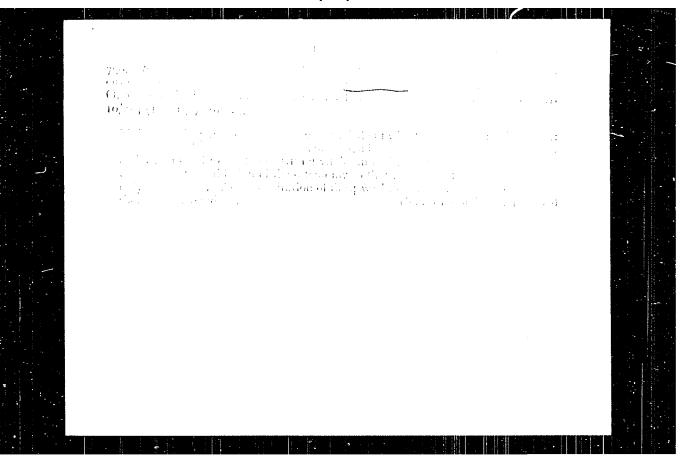
1. A Budapesti Orvostudonanyi Egyetem Orthopaediai Klinikajanak
(mb. igazgato: Glauber, Andor dr. egyet. docens.) kozlemenye.

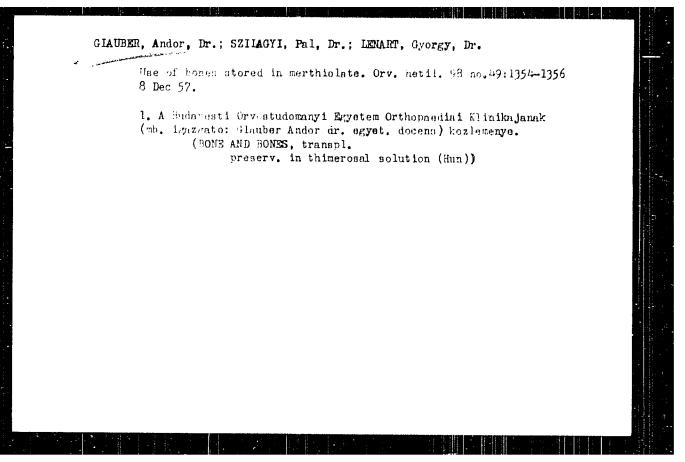
(HIP, surg.
arthroplasty, acrylic endoprosth. & vitallium
capping, evaluation & indic. (Hun))

(ACRYLIC RESINS
cozarthroplasty, endoprosth., evaluation & indic. (Hun))

(VITALLIUM
cozarthroplasty, capping, evaluation & indic. (Hun))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2





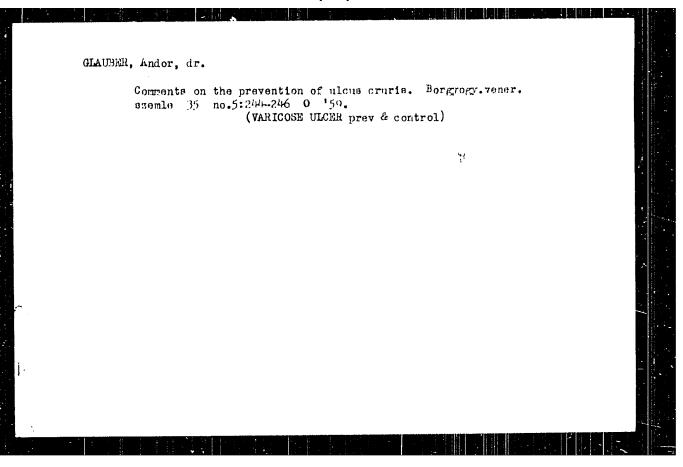
GLAUBER, Andor, Dr.; HARTA, Otto, Dr.; VIZKELETI, Tibor, Dr.

Generalized periostosis. Orv. hetil. 99 no.2:61-63 12 Jan 58.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Orthopaediai Klinikajanak
(mb. igazgato: Glauver Andor dr. egyet. docens) kozlemenye.

(BONE DISEASES, case reports

periostosis, generalized (Hun))



CLAUBER, A., dotsent

Reposition arthrodesis in unilateral old hip dislocations. Ortop., traym.i protez. 22 no.3:22-24 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz Kliniki ortopedii (zav. kafedroy - dots. A. Glauber)
Budapeshtskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(HIP JOINT-DISLOCATION)

I UN LELY

#### GLAUBER, Andor

MD

Orthopedic Clinic, Medical School, University of Budapest (Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Orthopaediai Klinikaja)

Budapest, Magyar Traumatologia, Orthopaedia, es Helyreallito Sebeszet, No 3, Aug 62, pp 169-174.

"Indication of Partial or Full Removal of the Patella and its Surgical Results."

Co-authors:

SZILAGYI, Pal, MD, Orthopedic Clinic, Medical School, University of Budapest

GLAUBER, Andor. F.; JUHASZ, Jeno dr.

Adamentinoma of the tibis. Magy. onkol. 7 no. 2:87-91 Je 163

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, Orthopaediai Klinika
es I. Korbonstani es Kisarleti Rakkutato Interet.

(ADAMANTINOMA) (TIBIA)

GLAUBER, Andor, dr.; FE HBACH, Jozsef, dr.; SILLAR, Pal, dr.

Our experiences with the anabolic hormone therapy in rickets patients. Gyermekgyogyaszat 15 no.1r1-9 J 64.

1. 4 B depend Orwostudomanyi Egyetom Orthopsediai Klinikajana: (Igazgato: Glauber Andor dr. egyet. tanar) közlemenye.

GLAUDER, A.; RISKO, T.; MYDL-TOTH, P.,; TOMORY, I., VINCZE, E.;
ECKHARDT, S.

On the diagnosis of bone tumors. Or7. hetil. 105 no.28:13381340 12 J1'64

GLAUBER, Andor, az orvestudomanyak kundidatusa, egyetemi terter.

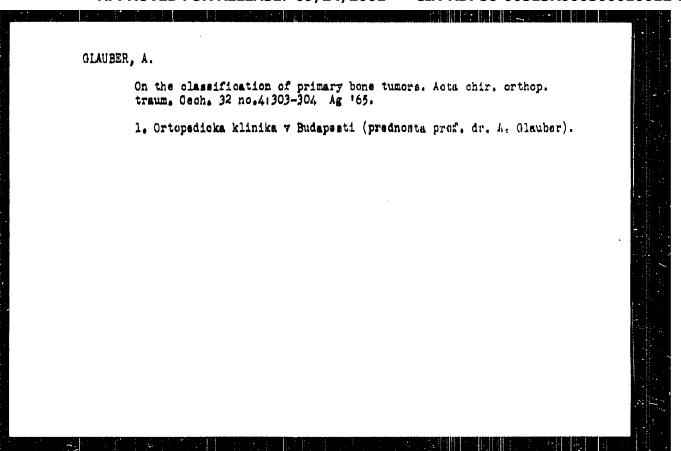
Present state of orthopedica end ita fature trenus. Magy tud
71 no.8/9:518-525 Ag-3 for.

1. Budapest Medical University.

GLAUBER, A., prof. dr.

Habitual elbow dislocation. Acta chir. acad. sci. hmg. 6 no.2: 147-151 '65.

1. Orthopaedische Klinik (Direktor: Prof. fr. A. Glauber) der Medizinischen Universitaet, Budapest.



BOROS, J.; GLAUBER, A.; LENART, Gy.; PINTER, J.

Physical phenomena at the compression of bones. Acts entranced, sel. Hung. 6 no.4:413-446 165.

1. Department of Orthopaedics (Director: A. Glauber), University Medical School, Budapest: Institute of Experimental Physics (Director: 7. Bodo), University Technical School of Architecture and Communications, Budapest. Submitted January 15, 1905.

107-57-3-59/64

AUTHOR: Glauberman, A. (Voronezh)

TITLE: Increasing Input Resistance of a Voltmeter. Experience exchange (Povysheniye vkhodnogo soprotivleniya vol'tmetra. Obmen opytom)

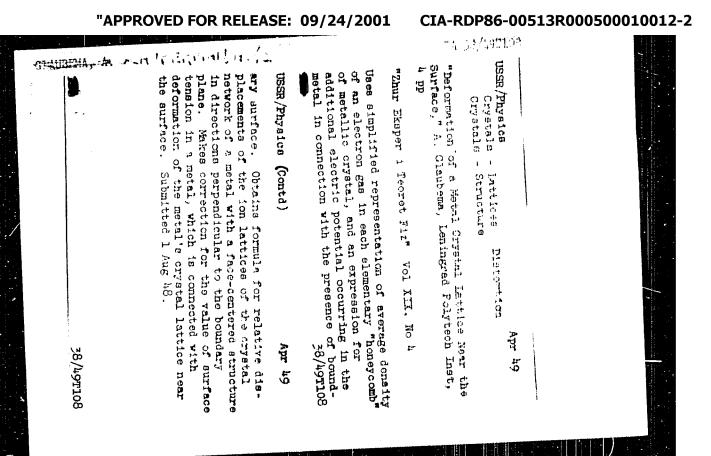
PERIODICAL: Radio, 1957, Nr 3, p 57 (USSR)

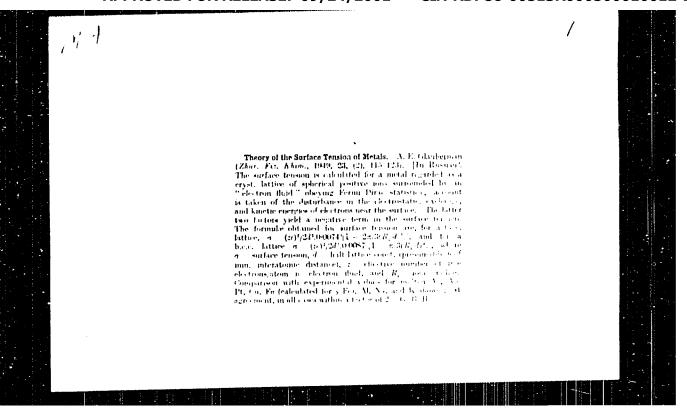
ABSTRACT: In avometer circuits with half-wave rectification, the universal shunt is usually permanently connected across galvanometer terminals. Introduction of an additional switch is suggested to disconnect this shunt when DC voltages are measured.

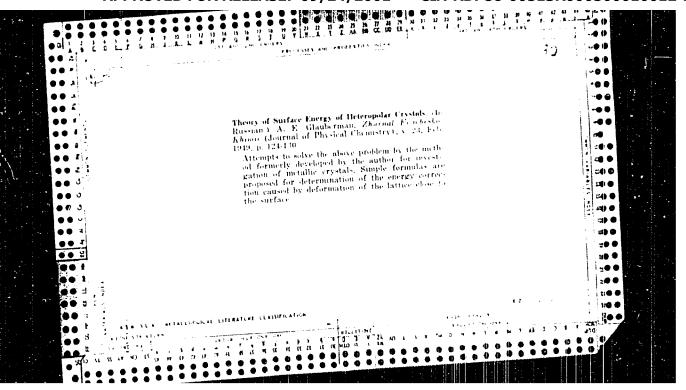
There is one figure in the article.

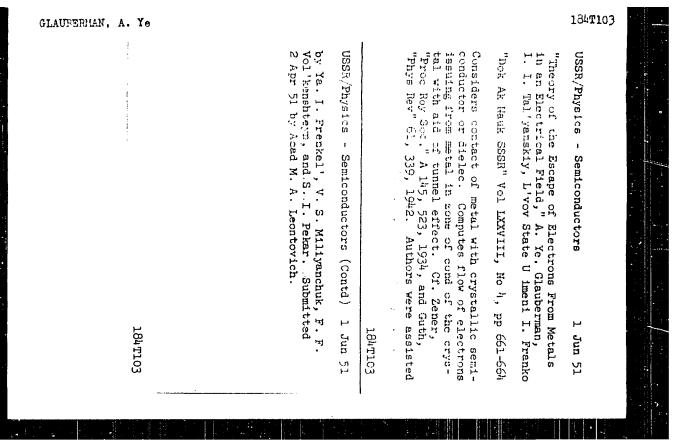
Card 1/1

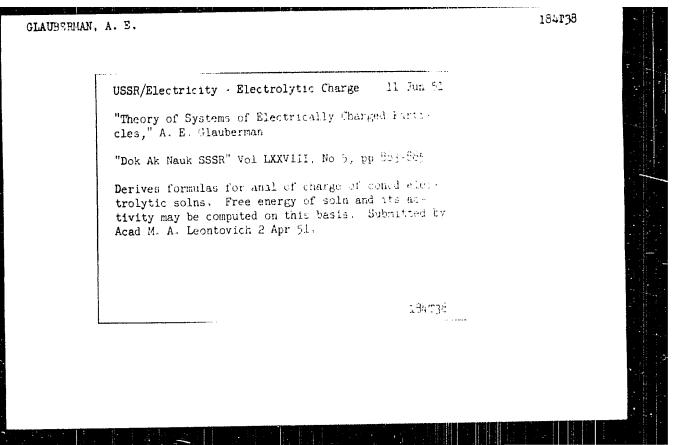
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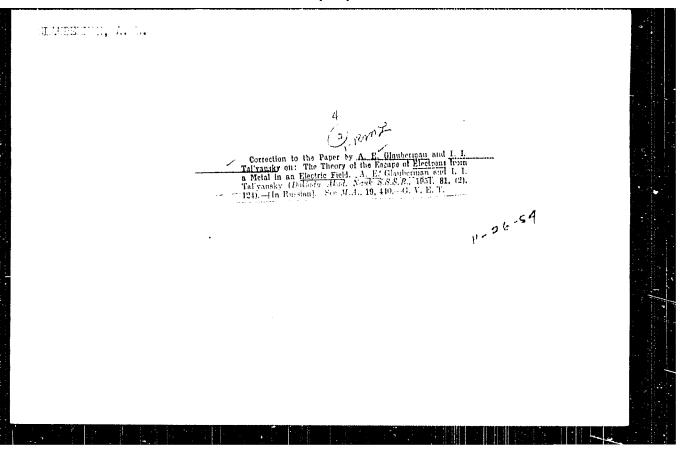


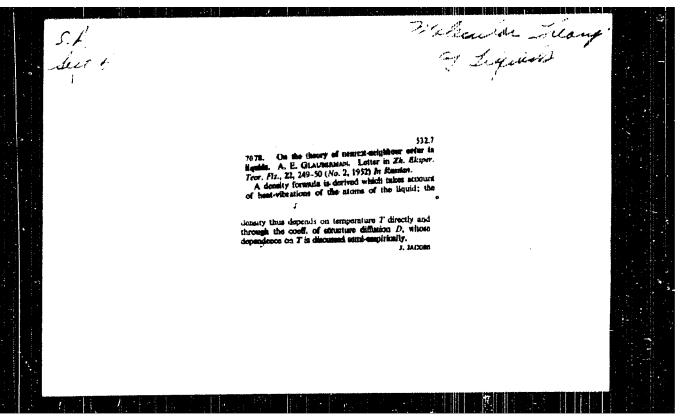


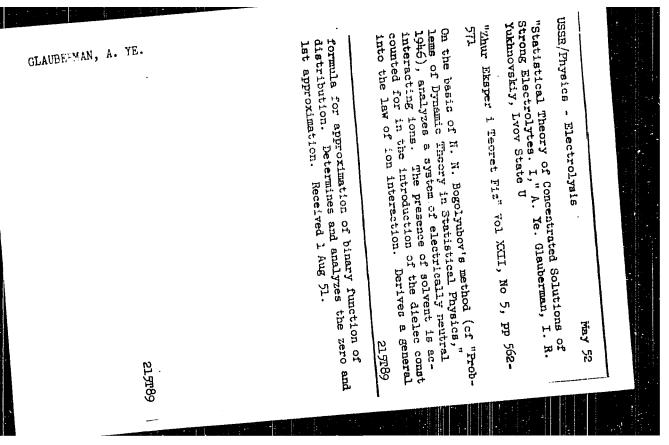












GLAUBERMAN, A. YE.

USSR/Physics - Electrolysis

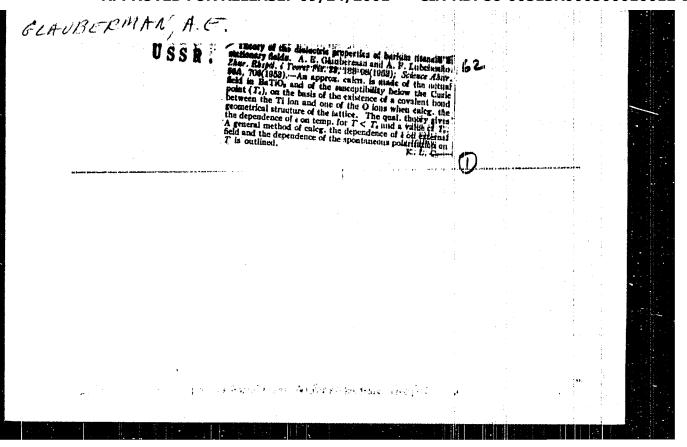
May 52

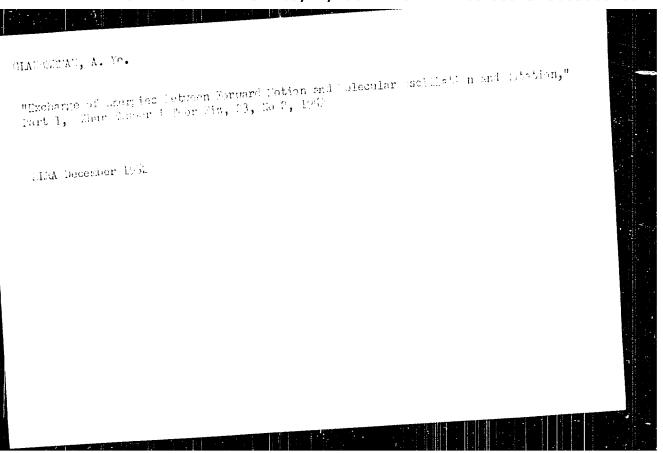
"Statistical Theory of Concentrated Solution of Strong Electrolytes. II," A. Ye. Glauberman, I. R. Yukhnovskiy, Lvov State U

"Zhur Eksper i Teoret Fiz" Vol XXII, No 5, pp 572-578

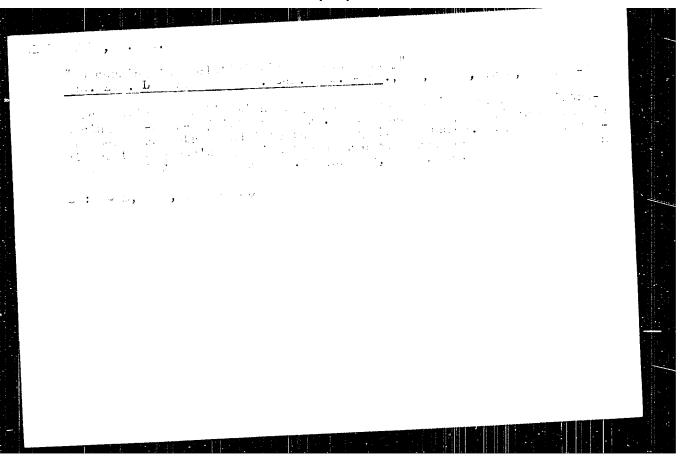
On the basis of the previous work see previous abstract and general statistical conceptions, derives a formula for the activity coeffs which in the case of small concns passes into the familiar. Debye law. Compares theoretical and exptl data. Received 1 Aug 51.

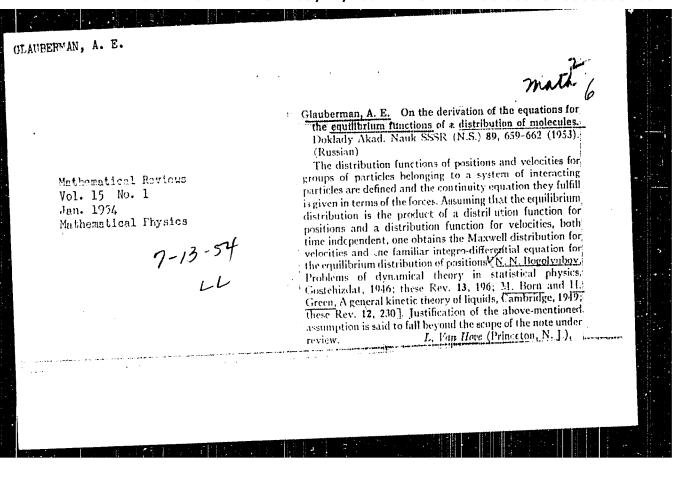
21.9rgc





MATESTRAL, A. Th., DROWNI, V. T.
 USUR (600)
 Collisions (Much as Physics)
 Exchange of energies between forward notion and metroplan assillation and rotation. Part II. Cher. elsg. i tech. fiz. 4, ac. 4, ic. 4, ic. 4.
 Month y List of Mussian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1913. Unclassified.





GLAUBEEMAN, A.Ye.; YUKHNOVSKIY, I.R.

"Superpositional" approximation in the theory of systems of interacting particles. Dokl.AN SSSR 93 no.6:999-1002 D '53. (MLNA 6:12)

1. Predstavleno akademikom M.A.Leontovichem. (Particles) (Muclear physics)

## GLAUBERMAN, A. E.

USSR/Chemistry - Physical chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 147 - 11/27

Authors

Title

: Glauberman, A. E., and Muzychuk, A. N.

: Surface tension of binary metallic alloys of volumetrically and face-

centered structures

Periodical : Zhur. fiz. khim. 28/9, 1615-1622, Sep 1954

Abstract: Formulas determining the surface tension of alloys of volumetrically—and face-centered structures, often encountered in nature, are presented. The theory of surface tension of binary alloys, based on the idea of quasi-heteropolarity of the lattice in the alloy, was applied for the calculation of the surface tension of binary intermetallic alloys of the above mentioned

structures. The surface tension in the given formulas is expressed through values of effective charges characterizing the components of the alloys.

Four USSR references (1949-1954). Drawings.

Institution: The Iv. Franko State University, Lvov

Submitted : December 25, 1953

## GLAUBERMAN, A.E.

USSR/Chemistry - Physical chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 147 - 12/27

Authors : Glauberman, A. E.

Title

: The theory of surface tension of binary metallic alloys

Periodical : Zhur. fiz. khim. 28/9, 1623-1627, Sep 1954

Abstract: The formulation of a theory of surface tension for binary alloys based on the idea of quasi-heterogeneity of the metal atoms in the alloy, is reported. The case of a simple cubical structure was investigated and a simple formula for surface tension was derived. The quasi-heterogeneity of the lattice secures its stability in the case of the investigated alloy which is in contrast to the case of pure metals for which a simple cubical structure is practically impossible. Various points, in which the new theory should be

improved, are listed. Seven references: 6-USSR and 1-USA (1936-1949).

Drawing.

Institution: The Iv. Franko State University, Lvov

Submitted : December 25, 1953

G-2

. CLAUBERMAN, A. Ye

Category : USSR/Electricity - Dielectrics

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957, No 4119

Author : Glauberman, A.Ye., Stetsev, Ya.I.

Title : Concerning the Theory of the State of A Dielectric Prior to Break-

down.

Orig Pub : Fiz. zbernik L'vivs'k. un-t, Fiz. sb. L'vovsk. un-t, 1955, vyp. 1,

(6), 42-53

Abstract : An opinion is expressed, based on more detailed calculations of the

probability of the breakaway of an electron from an atom by a strong electric field, that the tunnel-effect machanism should be considerable

in the breakdown of insulating crystals. The probability of the ionization of the atom in an electric field is estimated from calculations employing the usual equation in a one-dimensional field U (x)  $\equiv$  - (Z -s)<sup>2</sup>/|x| -eFx, where Z is the atomic number and s the shielding constant. In the calculations, the barrier is approximated by a barrier having a straight-line section. The equations obtained give the increase in the ionization probability due to the tunnel

Card : 1/2

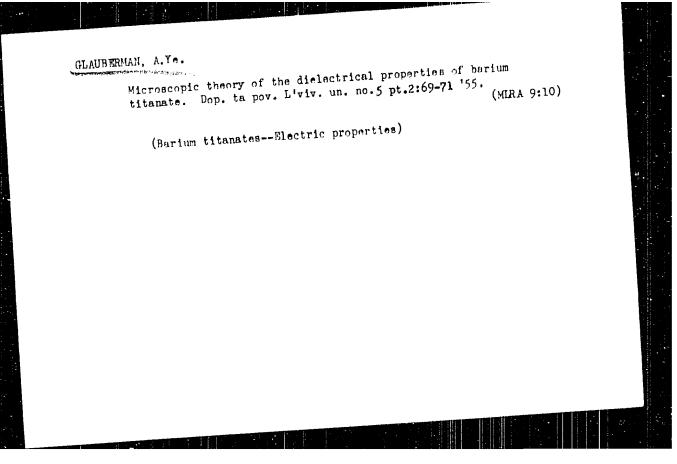
Category : USSR/Electricity - Dielectrics

G-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957, No 4119

effect at fields F of approximately  $10^5$  v/cm. The breakdown voltage depends strongly on the value of the ionization potential. In conconclusion, the author gives an evaluation of the above one-dimensional model, using the two-dimensional potential  $U = -(2-s)^2/\sqrt{x^2+y^2} - eFX$ , to show that the order of magnitude of the breakdown field does not change.

Card : 2/2



## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2

GLADEEN WALL A. 15

USSR/Physical Chemistry - Crystals B-5

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur .. Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 60883

Author: Glauberman, A. fe.

Institution: Nine

Title: On the Question of Polarization of Londo Stoff in Complex Louis

Crystals

Periodical: Dopewid: ta powidomlennya Livivs k unita, 1988, No. 5, part 2,

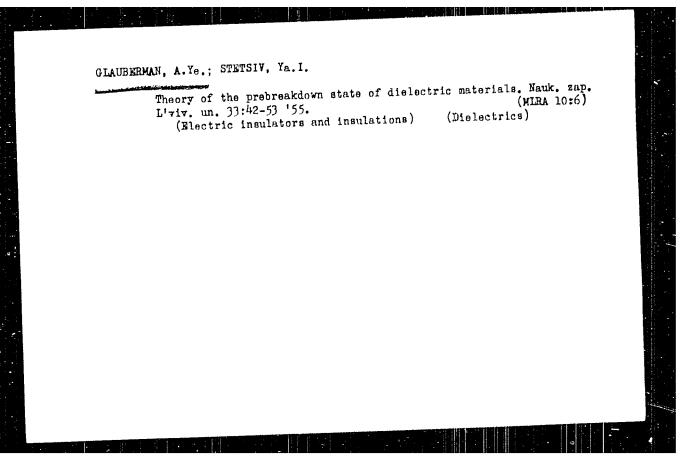
Abstract: There has been evolved a riginous scheme of calculations for de-

termination of topic shift in topic crystals of arbitrary structure with any rumber of kinds of tons. Components of tensor of polar rability \are is no of each kind (Y) in the general case .. depend upon components of vectors of effective fields Effecting; up of the coas. A g d approx matterness the equations of all occuprompts . Everthone action. Colvet this approximation aik

have to any vacing

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001



GLAUBERMAN, A.E.

USSE/Physics - Electron spectra

Card 1/1

Pub. 22 - 12/54

Authors

: Glauberman, A. E.

Title

white the time to be an about the second and Regarding the theory of electron spectra of condensed systems

Periodical Dok. AN SSSR 100/3, 449-452, Jan. 21, 1955

Abstract

A statistical study is made of interaction between an optical electron and particles surrounding it in condensed systems not having crystallic rearrangement (Effects of atoms with one optical electron or atoms, ions and molecules are considered). Eight references: 3 USSR. 1 Polish.

2 German and 2 French (1919-1952). Drawing.

Institution: Lvov Ivan Franko State University

Presented by: Academician M. A. Leontovich, October 21, 1954

CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

USSR/Statistical Physics - Thermodynamics.

: Referat Zhur - Fizika No 5, 1957, 11387 Abs Jour

: Glauberman, A.Ye. Author

: Contribution to a General Theory of Statistical Equilibri-Inst Title

um of a System of Interacting Particles.

: Zh. eksperim. i teor. fiziki, 1956, 30, No 6, 1084-1091 Orig Pub

: The author proves that it is necessary to have a multipli-Abstract

cative structure of equilibrium distribution functions  $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{S}}$ 

D-3

of the dynamic states of aggregates of particles

2/2 = 0, f2(q, ... qs, P, ... Pa) = (1)

= 45 (P1, ... P1) 45 (9, ... F5).

where q determines the position of the partiale, and p its momentum. The proof is obtained by constructive means with the aid of constructing the solution of the equations

Card 1/2

USSR/Statistica. Physics - Thermodynamics.

D-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, 11387

where F is the asymptotic distribution function, normalized according to Bogoliubov, and  $\Phi_{ij}$  is the mutual potential. The solutions are obtained by including the boundation ry conditions for the weakening of the corellation. The proof turns out to be formally correct for a mutual potential that diminishes with increasing distance between the two particles under consideration more rapidly than r-3 (the sufficiency of condition (i) was considered by the author earlier, See Dokl AN SSSR, 1953, 89, 659).

Card 2/2

Land Later Barry M. D-3 USSR/Statistical Physics - Thermodynamics. : Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, 11391 Author : Glauberman A.Ye. : L'vev University Inst : Contribution to the Theory of Classical Systems of Title Interacting Particles with a Non-Central Interaction Law, : Zh. eksperim. i teor. fiziki, 1956, 31, No 2, 2.8-223 Orig Pub : The author considers a generalization of the method by Abstract N.N. Bogoliubov to include a system of particles with noncentral interaction law. Equations are obtained for the distribution functions of the aggregates of particles for a neutral potential of general form,  $L_{ij} = L_{ij} \left( q_i, q_j, \lambda_i, \beta_i, \beta_j, \beta_j, \psi_{j}, \psi_{i} \right)$  where  $q_i$  and  $q_j$ Card 1/3

USSR/Statistical Physics - Thermodynamics

D-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, 11391

are the radius vectors of the centers of gravity of the molecules, and the angles  $\mathcal{O}_{i}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{i}$  determine the orientation of the molecule axis. Two problems are considered in detail. The first problem concerns a real gas with a mutual potential of the form

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{L}_{i,j} &= \boldsymbol{\mathcal{D}}_{i,j} \; ( \left| \mathbf{q}_{i} - \mathbf{q}_{j} \right| ) / \mathbf{I} + \boldsymbol{\mathcal{X}} \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}_{i,j} ( \boldsymbol{\mathcal{D}}_{i}, \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}_{i}, \boldsymbol{\mathcal{D}}_{j}, \\ \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}_{j}, \; \boldsymbol{\mathcal{D}}_{i,j}, \; \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}_{i,j} ) / \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}, \; \text{where} \; \boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}} \; \text{is the mutual potential of} \end{split}$$

the short-range central forces,  $\mathcal{N}_{ij}$  and  $\mathcal{U}_{ij}$  are angles that determine the orientation of the center lines, and  $\lambda$  is a small parameter. The second problem concerns a dipole lattice, i.e., a lattice, in which sites are located point dipoles and the mutual potential takes into account only the dipole interaction forces. In the latter case the lattice consisting of dipoles with dipole moments of

Card 2/3

USSR/Statistical Physics - Thermsiynamics.

D-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, 1391

equal magnitudes is treated as a multi-component system. The type of the particle is determined by the vector of the lattice for the site in which the center of gravity of the particle is located. In the first problem, the distribution functions are constructed by expanding in powers of the density of the system and of the small parameter  $\lambda$ . In the second problem, the corresponding expansions are in powers of the small parameter  $\lambda = \frac{p^2}{\Delta}$ , where P is the magnitude of the dipole moment of the molecule,  $\theta$  = kT, and  $\Delta$  is the volume of the elementary cell of the lattice.

Card 3/3

Category : USSR/Atomic and Molecular Physics - Liquids

n-8

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957 No 3563

: Glauberman, A.Ye., Tsvetkov, V.P. Author

: L'vov University, USSR Inst

: Concerning the Structure of Simple Liquids Title

Orig Pub : Dokl. AN SSSR, 1956, 106, No 4, 623-625

Abstract : X-ray diffraction determinations of the functions of atomic distri-

bution for simple liquids at various temperatures, as well as theoretical determinations of the radial distribution functions (Glauberman A.Ye., Zh. eksperim i teor. fiziki, 1952, 22, 249), are used to determine the temperature dependence of the coefficient of structural diffusion.

The calculation was carried out for liquid Sn.

Card : 1/1

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000500010012-2



PA - 1972 CARD 1 / 2 USSR / PHYSICS

On the Theory of the Real Gas with Non-Central Law of Interaction SUBJECT AUTHOR TITLE

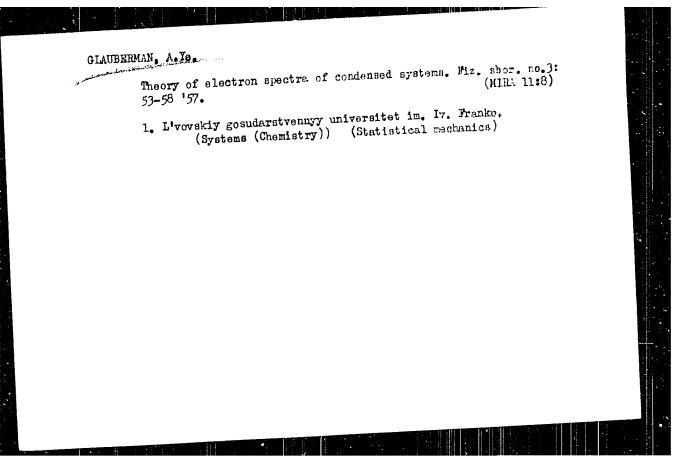
Dokl.Akad.Nauk 111, fasc.1, 63-66 (1956) PERIODICAL

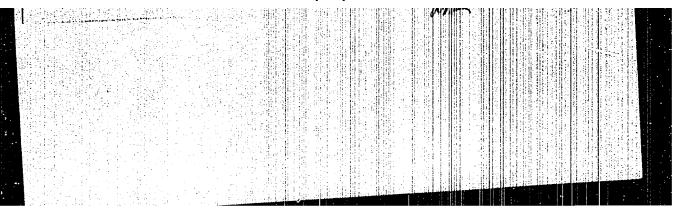
The author investigates a gas consisting of axially-symmetric molecules with constant electric (dipole- or quadrupole-) moment. The law of interaction of the two molecules is assumed to have the following form:

 $L_{ij}$  ( $|\vec{q}_i - \vec{q}_j|$ ,  $\vec{n}_i$ ,  $\vec{q}_i$ ,  $\vec{q}_j$ ,  $\vec{q}_j$ ,  $\vec{q}_j$ ). Here  $\vec{q}_i$  denotes the vector which determines the position of the molecular center of mass.  $\vec{q}_i$  and  $\vec{q}_i$  are the angles, which determines the enjoyation of the vector of the electromagnetic magnetic relationship. angles which determine the orientation of the vector of the electromagnetic moment of the molecule in space;  $v_{ij}$  and  $v_{ij}$  are the corresponding angles for the line of the centers (?) of the two investigated molecules. Next, BOGOLJUBOV'S equations for the distribution function of the particle complexes are given. The corresponding systems of equations can be solved by means of the usual development according to the powers of the density of the system in consideration of the conditions for the decrease of correlation. At first the solution in zero-th approximation is given, and then the equations for the first approximation of the s-th distribution function are investigated. The higher approximations are determined in a similar manner. In particular, the formulae for a dipole gas are given; the corresponding series for the distribution function

PA - 1972 CARD 2 / 2 of the particle complex show good convergence in the case of a sufficiently low It is sufficient to know the unary and binary distribution function in first approximation in order to be able to compute the average potential energy of the system up to and including those terms which receive the small parameter to the square. With the aid of the average potential energy  $\overline{U}_N$  it is possible to express the corresponding part of the free energy in the usual manner and to determine all equilibrium characteristics of the dipole gas. In a similar manner the theory of a gas is developed which consists of molecules with a higher From the formulae derived here it is easy to obtain the theory of a gas which consists of axially symmetric nonpolar molecules with weak orientation interaction. If a binary function that is accurate up to the first order is used, the properties of such a system which correspond to the equilibrium can be computed in satisfactory approximation. Thus it is possible quite easily to compute the second and third virial coefficient. This means that the method of the distribution functions of particle complexes permits the development of a rigorous theory of real gases in consideration of all forms of orientation interaction. INSTITUTION: State University L'VOV (Lemberg)

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| GLAU BERDIAN, P.Ye | L'vov. Universytet   |  |
|                    | Materialy I Vaescyurnogo sovemhereniya po spektroskopii. t. li<br>Kolekulyarnaya spektriskipiya (Papers of the 16th All-Union<br>Conforence on Spectroscopy, Vol. 1: Kolecular Spectroscopy<br>[Livor] Izi-vo Livorskogo uni-th, 1557. 499 p. 4,000 dopic<br>printed. (Series: Its: Pizychnyy zbirnyk, vyp. 3/8/)  |  |
|                    | Additional Sponsoring Agency: Academiya mank SSIR. Academiya of extroskopil. Bi: Vazor, S.L.; Tech. Bi: Seraggie, T.V. Diffortal Poart: Larinterg, A.S., Academitian (Reg., Et., D. Hoporont, A.S., Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Science Patelinskiy, I.L., Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Science Remitterly, V.A., Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Science Kormitterly, V.A., Scottor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Maymidy, Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Minowskiy Cardidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Miliopskiy Cardidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, and Caube A. Ye., Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences. | ocased),<br>,,<br>,,<br>,,<br>,,<br>,, L.K.,<br>,, V.3., |
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|                    | - Chulanovskiy, V.M., M.P. Burgova, G.S. Denisov, and<br>Ye. L. Zhukova. Characteristics of Molecular Bonding<br>in Monelectrolyte Solutions Studied by Means of In-<br>frared Absorption Spectra  | ,2   |
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|                    | Neporent, B.S., and N.O. Bakhshiyev. Effect of the<br>Solvent on the Yalus of the Absorption Integral for<br>Complex Organic Compounds   | 52   |
|                    | Olauborman, A. Ye. Theory of Electron Spectra of Condensed Systems   | 53   |
|                    | Aleksanyan, V.T., and Kh. Ye. Sterin. Riman Spootra<br>of Bioyolo-2,2,1-hoptane, Bioyolo-2,2,1-heptane-5,<br>Bioyolo-2,2,1-heptadiene-2,5, and of Their Homologs   | 59   |
|                    | Gard 5/30  |  |
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89-7-4/32 Glauberman, t. le., Tallyanskiy, I.I. On the istribution of Newlings in Media With Fixed reperties at a Cylindrical Division A respected lenii neytronov v sredakh s zadannymi svoystvami pri tsilindricheskov granitse razdela) . . AUTHORS: TITELL tammya mergiya, 1957, Vol. 3, Mr 7, pp. 25-27 (UCCR) The present paper investigates two media divided by an infinite PERIODICAL: circular cylinder with the radius R. The media may differ from, each other by their behavior towards neutrons and may consist of ABCTR/CT: light nuclei (not heavier than iron) including hydrogen nuclei. punctiform source of fast neutrons exists on the axis of the cylinder. The authors here determine the spatial distribution of the fast and the thermal neutrons in both media. For this purpose the slowing down of neutrons to thermal energies as well as the diffusion of the created thermal neutrons have to be investigated. s in this case the media containing hydrogen are investigated, the group theory with a small number of groups is a satisfactory approximation. The authors here confine themselves to investigating two groups of neutrons: the fast and the thermal. Within each group propagating of the neutrons in the medium is described Card 1/2

On the ! istribution of Neutrons in Media With Fixed Properties at a Cylindrical Division Boundary 89-7-4/32

by a diffusion equation. At first the conception of the "slowing down cross sections" for fast neutrons is defined. The existence of the dividing boundary is taken into account here by the introduction of fictive sources located on this boundary. Next, the equations for the neutron fluxes in the media are written down and transformed. Because of the linearity of these equations the the neutron flux produced by the fictive sources. Next, the equations for p and tare written down; for their solution cylindrical coordinates are introduced. The solution is written down for the flux of the fast neutrons within the cylinder (minich is produced by the source of the fast neutrons. The additional flows of the fast neutrons as well as the flows of the thermal neutrons are then determined. The results obtained here are suitable for developing a theory of the neutron core sampling ("karrotazh") of bore holes and for the determination of bottom dampness by means of the neutron method. There are 3 references, 2 of which are lavic.

SUBMITTH: AVAILABLE: Card 2/2

ecember 26, 1956 ibrary of Congress

- Leutrons Distribution Hathenstiesh analysis
- Neutrons Motion mathematical analysis